



COVID-19 in Belarus: Vaccination Attitudes and Sources of Information

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Attitude towards COVID19 vaccine

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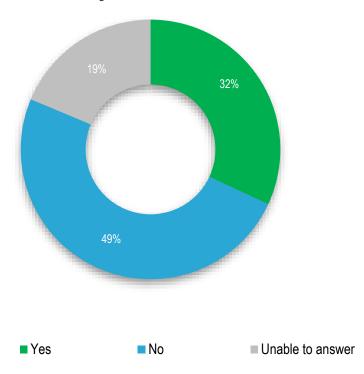
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Have you personally been sick from coronavirus disease COVID-19?*

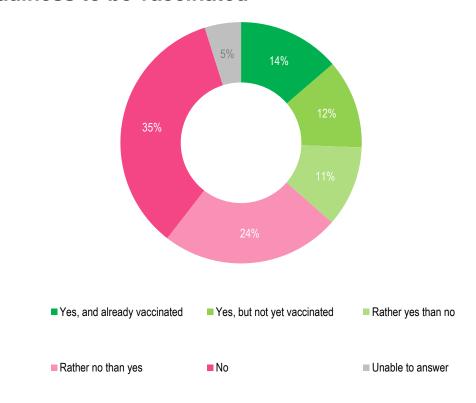
Are you personally ready to be vaccinated against coronavirus disease COVID-19?*

About a third of the respondents were sick with the coronavirus disease COVID-19. A significant part - about 20%, do not know for sure whether they were sick. A little more than a third of the respondents are ready to be vaccinated, the majority are not yet ready..

Have you been sick?



Readiness to be vaccinated



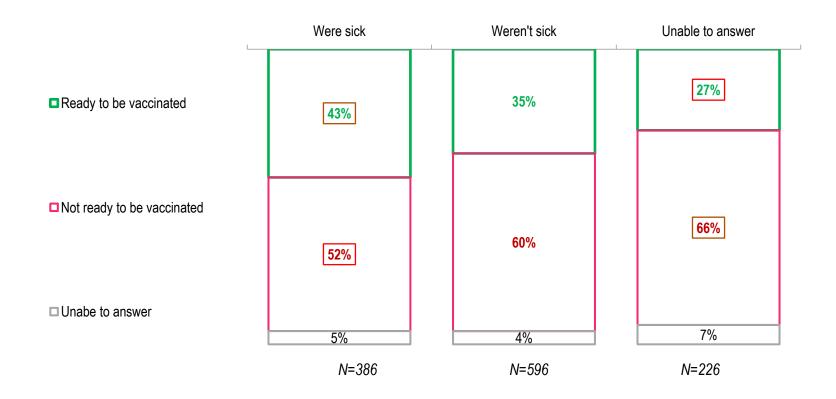
Readiness to be vaccinated Distribution based on sickness

Have you personally been sick with coronavirus disease COVID-19?*

Are you personally ready to be vaccinated against coronavirus disease COVID-19?*



Readiness to be vacinnated is significantly more frequent among those who personally was sick with coronavirus disease. It was less frequent among respondents not certain whether they were sick or not.

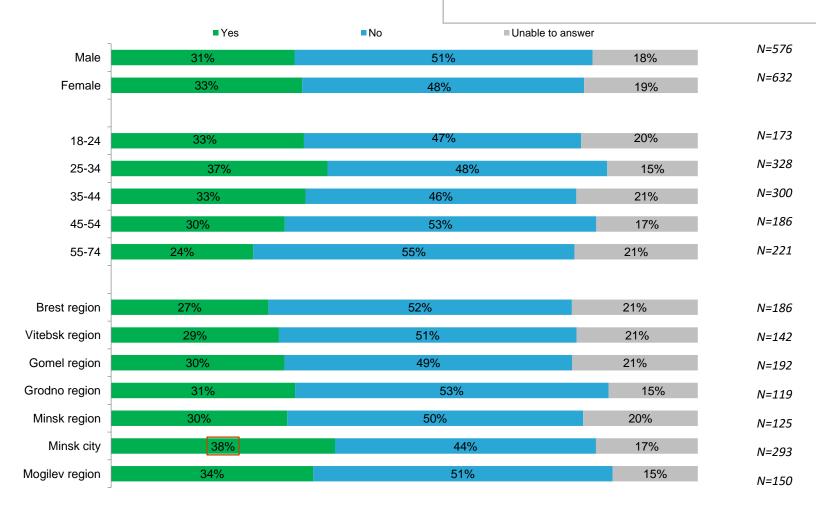


Were sick with COVID19. Demographic distribution

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Were you personally sick with coronavirus disease COVID-19?*

There are significantly more of those that were sick with Covid19 in Minsk city. No significant differences were found based on gender.



Readiness to be vaccinated. Demographic distribution



Are you personally ready to be vaccinated against coronavirus disease COVID-19?*

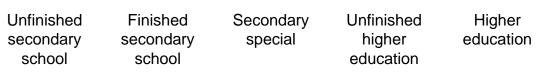
Respondents of the 55-74 years old age category are more ready for vaccination. No significant differences based on gender or region are observed.



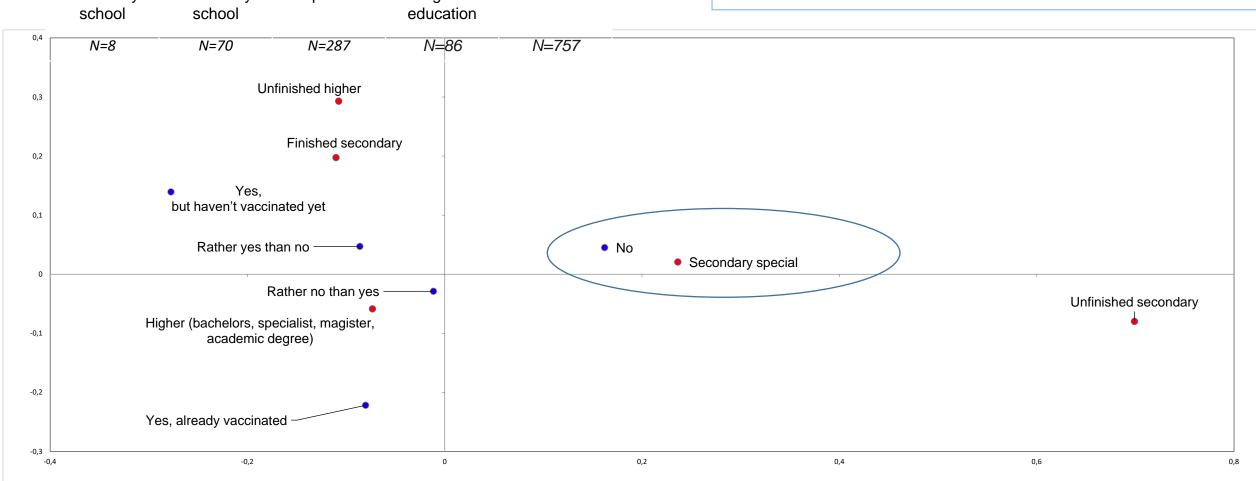
Readiness to be vaccinated. Distribution by education



Are you personally ready to be vaccinated against coronavirus disease COVID-19?*



Respondents that are not ready to be vaccinated are more frequent among those with secondary special/trade school education.



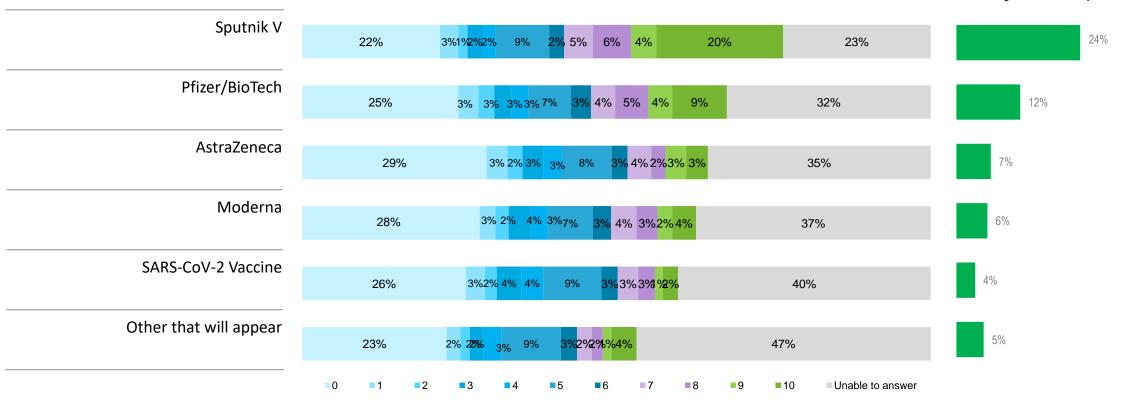
COVID-19 vaccine choice



If you had an opportunity to choose a vaccine for vaccination against coronavirus disease COVID-19, which would you have chosen personally for yourself or recommended to friends and relatives?*

Sputnik V is the most frequent vaccine of choice. Pfizer is chosen slightly less frequently.

Will certainly choose (9,10 marks)

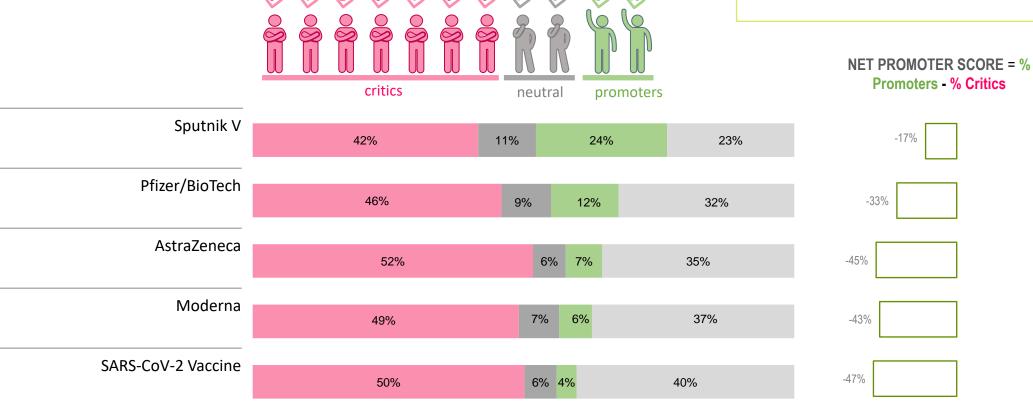


Loyalty to vaccines



Ilf you had an opportunity to choose a vaccine for vaccination against coronavirus disease COVID-19, which would you have chosen personally for yourself or recommended to friends and relatives?*

44%



4% 5%

47%

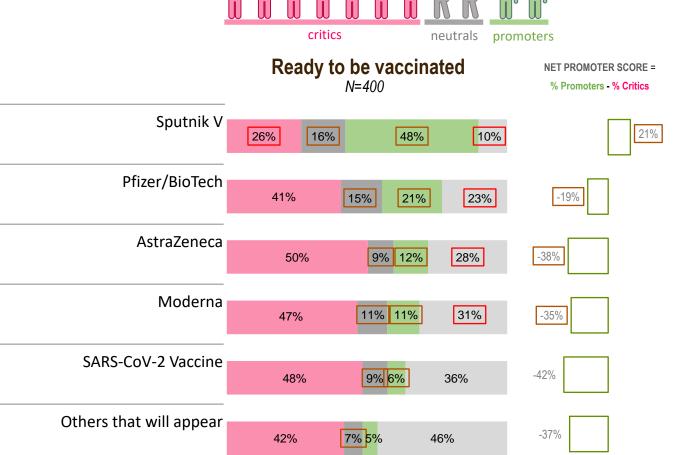
A low level of loyalty is typical for all vaccines. Sputnik V has a relatively high level of loyatly.

Other that will appear

Loyalty to vaccines. Among those ready to be vaccinated

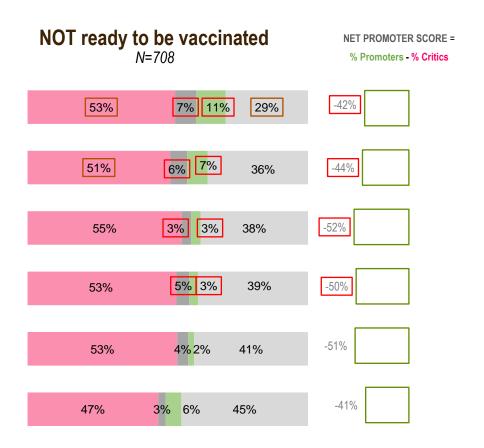
If there was an opportunity to choose a vaccine for vaccination against coronavirus disease COVID-19, which one would you choose personally for yourself and / or recommend to your family and friends?*







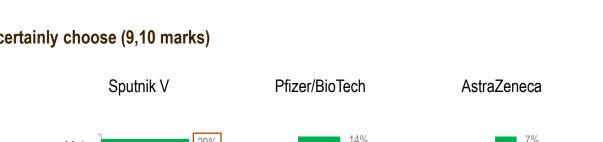
Among those ready to vaccinate higher loyalty to vaccines is typical. The highest loyalty is related to Sputnik VV.



Choosing a vaccine for COVID19 Demographic distribution

If you had an opportunity to choose a vaccine for vaccination against coronavirus disease COVID-19, which would you have chosen personally for yourself or recommended to friends and relatives?*

Will certainly choose (9,10 marks)





The Sputnik V vaccine is more often preferred by men and people aged 55-74. Young people under 25 are willing to use Sputnik V to a much lesser extent than others.

The Pfizer / BioTech vaccine is more often preferred by young people aged 25-34 living in Minsk. Residents of the Mogilev region are less likely to use Pfizer / BioTech and AstraZeneca.



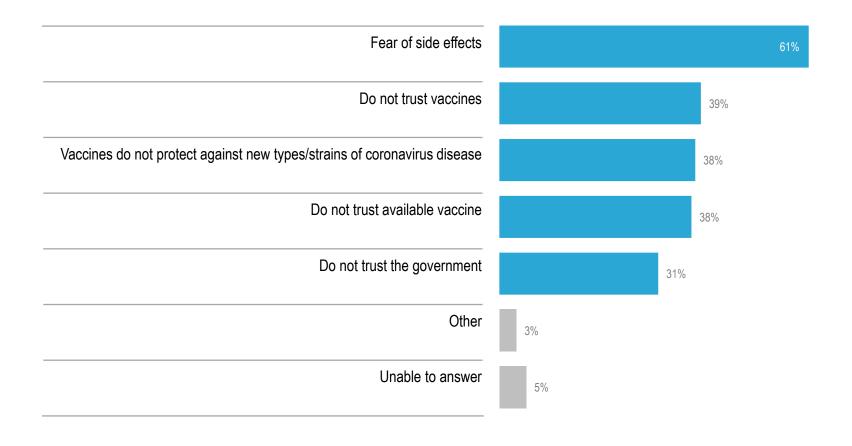
Reasons to refuse vaccination

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Why do you think people do not want to be vaccinated against the coronavirus disease COVID-19 in Belarus? *

The absolute majority - 61% of the respondents note the fear of side effects after the use of the vaccine. The rest of the reasons were mentioned with the same frequency.





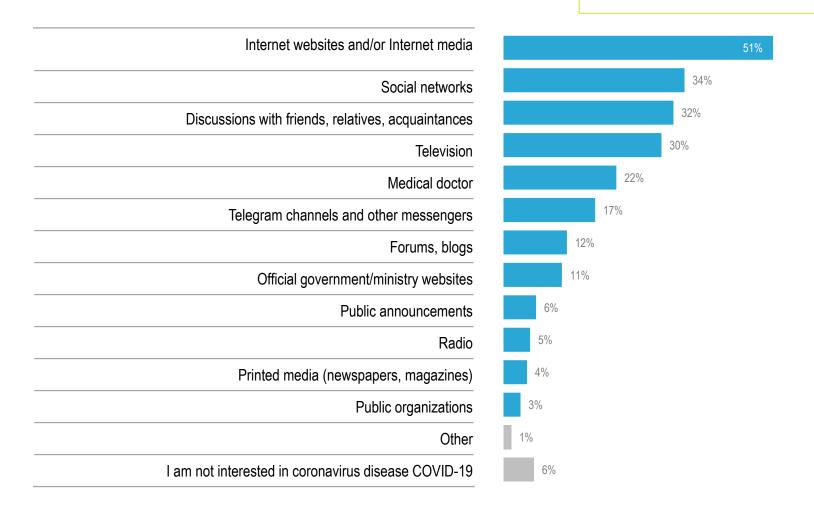
Information sources

COVID19 information sources

What are your main sources of information about COVID-19 coronavirus disease (spread, risks, recommended preventive actions, recommended protection strategies, vaccinations, etc.)?

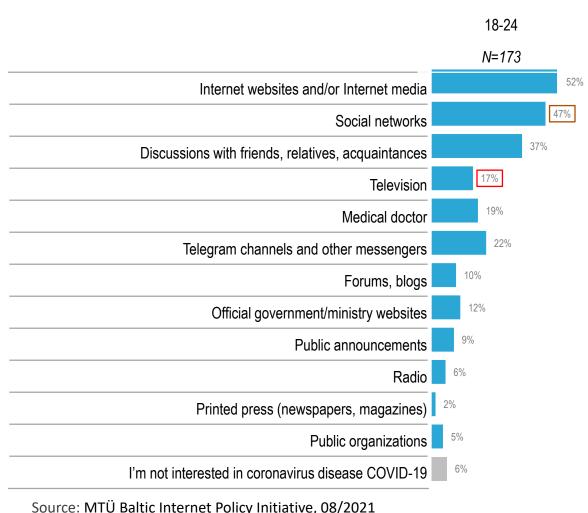


The main source of information on COVID19 is the Internet. The rest of the sources are used significantly less often.



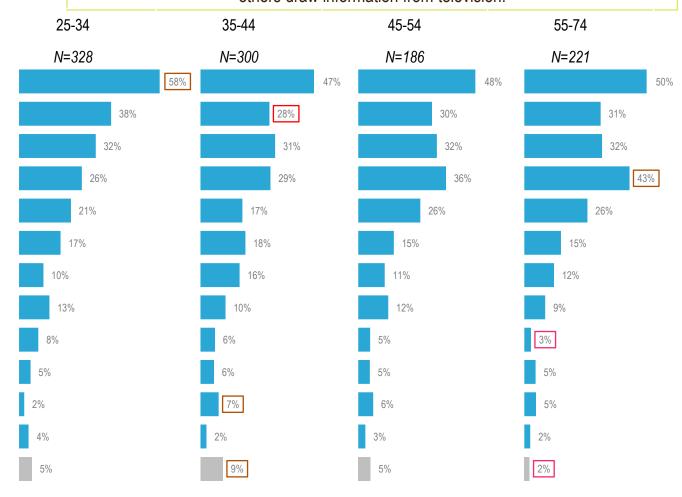
COVID19 information sources **Demographic distribution**

What are your main sources of information about COVID-19 coronavirus disease (spread, risks, recommended preventive actions, recommended protection strategies, vaccinations, etc.)?





Young people under 24 are more likely than others to use social networks to get information about COVID19 and less often television. Young people aged 25-34 more often use Internet resources. Representatives of the age group 55-74 more often than others draw information from television.

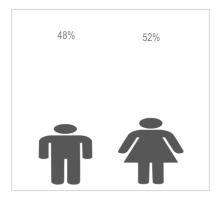


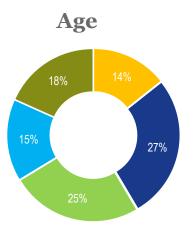


Demographics

Demographics

Gender

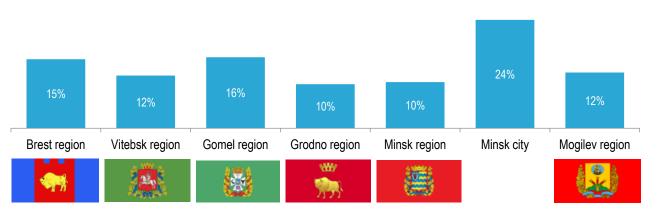




■18-24 ■25-34 ■35-44 ■45-54 ■55-74 Source: MTÜ Baltic Internet Policy Initiative, 08/2021

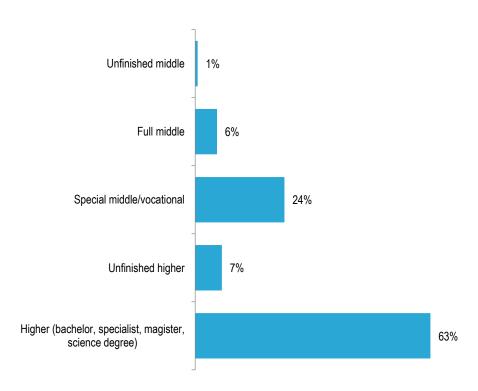


Region



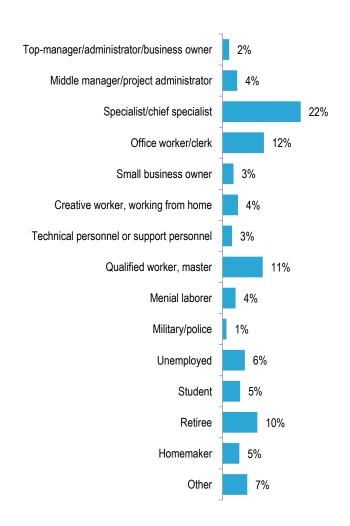
Demographics

Education





Sphere of activities



Conclusions



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Most are at	The majority are not ready for vaccination at the moment, despite the fact that more than 30% know for sure that they were sick. 14% of respondents were vaccinated. fraid of the side effects.
•	The Internet is the main source of information about COVID'19 and vaccines, other sources are rarely used. Idents who received information from the Medical doctor, from the official websites of the government or television, more often than others, have already been vaccinated. ia users are more likely than others to be categorically opposed to vaccinations.
[] choose	Messenger users are more likely to prefer Moderna, AstraZeneca and Pfizer vaccines. Those who receive information about COVID19 from the Internet are more likely to Pfizer.
Televis	on and print audiences are more likely to choose Sputnik V for vaccination. Those willing to vaccinate are characterized by a higher loyalty to vaccines. Sputnik V has the loyalty among them.
	Older people are more willing to be vaccinated than people of other ages. Equal readiness in different regions and among men and women.
are not	Retirees and military personnel are more often already vaccinated. Unemployed people and students intend to be vaccinated, but have not yet done so. Creative people yet sure of their decision, but are prone to getting vaccinated. And homemakers and skilled workers are more often categorically negative.
The Pfi	Most often the Sputnik V vaccine is preferred. Pfizer's vaccine is in second place by a factor of two. utnik V vaccine is more often preferred by men and people aged 55-74. Young people under 25 are willing to use Sputnik V to a much lesser extent than others. zer / BioTech vaccine is more often preferred by young people aged 25-34 living in Minsk. nts of the Mogilev region are less likely to use Pfizer / BioTech and AstraZeneca.
using th	The vast majority at least sometimes have the feeling that they are being deceived by the media / media. In this case, respondents tend to double-check the information ne Internet. They especially often turn to foreign sources.
	Half of the respondents believe that they can identify fake news and about a third are not sure about it. Television is the most frequently cited source of false news.